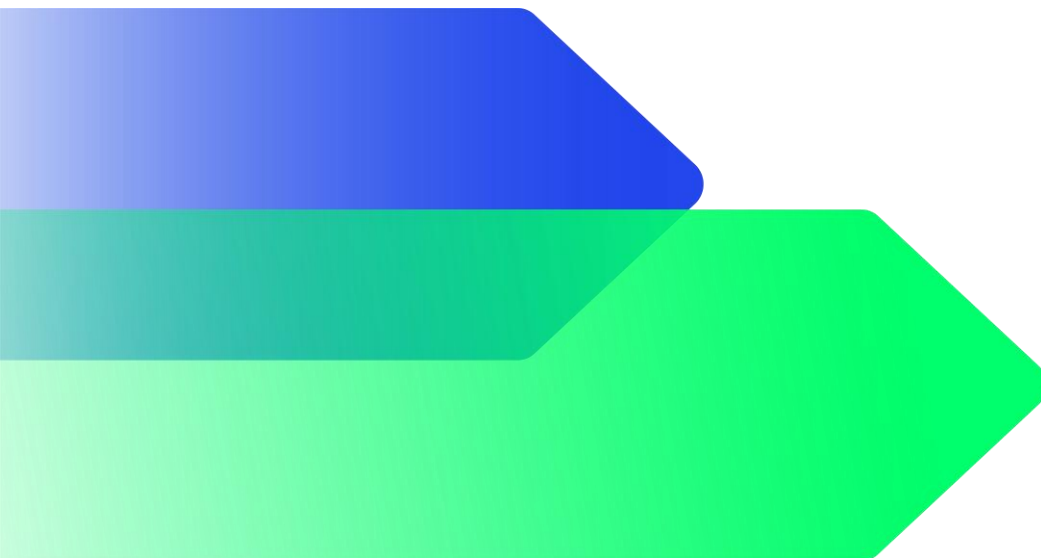


FLOATING WIND JOINT INDUSTRY PROGRAMME S3P4

Clarification Question Responses

Integrated Digital Twins and AI Technology for Floating Wind O&M (DTAI)

April 2026



#	Type	Question	Response
1	Generic	As a Catapult operating with pre existing, publicly funded methodologies and frameworks, can the Carbon Trust confirm that Digital Catapult's established approaches (e.g. analytical frameworks, reference architectures, assessment methods, templates, and tooling concepts), when clearly identified in the Tender, will be treated as Background Knowledge and IPR rather than Project Results?	Carbon Trust can confirm that Digital Catapult's pre-existing, publicly funded methodologies, frameworks and approaches, where clearly identified in the Tender, will be treated as Background Knowledge and IPR in accordance with the contract definition. In line with the definition of Results, only materials created, developed or acquired specifically for the purposes of, or in connection with, the Services would constitute Project Results; the application of established approaches within the project would not, of itself, convert those approaches into Results, provided they were developed prior to or independently of the Services and do not incorporate Project Results or Participants' Information.
2	Generic	Can the Carbon Trust clarify whether Digital Catapult may reuse generic, non confidential methodological approaches and capability (e.g. AI adoption patterns, architectural principles, or lessons on digital integration), developed or refined during delivery, in future projects where no Results or Participants' Information are disclosed?	There is likely to be limited and exceptional scope for the reuse of fully generic, non-confidential methodologies or capabilities developed or refined during delivery. Such reuse is not assumed and would be strictly limited to content that is non-attributable and entirely independent of any Project Results. Any potential reuse must also avoid insights derived from partner inputs or the specific project context.
3	Generic	Given Digital Catapult's public-interest remit, can the Carbon Trust confirm that DC may reference its participation in the Floating Wind JIP DTAI project (e.g. "supported the Carbon Trust Floating Wind JIP") in internal reporting, CVs, programme documentation, and confidential bid submissions, subject to confidentiality requirements?	This is acceptable however external communications should be flagged to the Carbon Trust for approval.

<p>4 Generic</p>	<p>Is it envisaged that Digital Catapult could, with prior approval, contribute high level, non technical insights on barriers to digital adoption (e.g. skills, integration, trust) arising from the project, where such outputs do not disclose Results or commercially sensitive information?</p>	<p>With prior approval, Digital Catapult could contribute high-level, non-technical insights arising from the project, such as observations on barriers to digital adoption (e.g. skills, integration or trust). Any such contributions would need to exclude Results and commercially sensitive information and remain at a suitably aggregated and non-attributable level. The project Results themselves remain the intellectual property of the Floating Wind JIP partners, and any external disclosure would be subject to partner approval.</p>
<p>5 Generic</p>	<p>Can the Carbon Trust clarify how requirement changes under Condition 3 are expected to be governed in practice, including confirmation of written change control and consideration of impacts on project resourcing and delivery for a fixed budget, time limited engagement such as this?</p>	<p>Any changes to the requirements under this clause would be managed through formal written change control, with proposed alterations clearly documented and mutually agreed. For this fixed-budget, time-limited engagement, Carbon Trust would assess the impact of any change on scope, resourcing and delivery, and only proceed where impacts can be accommodated or where a fair and reasonable adjustment (as provided for in the contract) is agreed and recorded in writing.</p>
<p>6 Generic</p>	<p>For any work packages subject to go/no go decisions, can the Carbon Trust indicate the anticipated timing and decision criteria, to enable Digital Catapult to plan resourcing appropriately and minimise delivery inefficiency?</p>	<p>It would be the Floating Wind JIP partners who would make the judgement on go/no go decisions. We would look for this to typically be agreed within 2-3 weeks.</p>
<p>7 Generic</p>	<p>Can the Carbon Trust confirm that Digital Catapult's contribution is expected to be analytical and advisory in nature, with no responsibility for detailed engineering design, asset certification, or operational decision making related to live floating wind assets?</p>	<p>We can confirm that this is a desk-based study and therefore analytical and advisory in nature.</p>

<p>8 Generic</p>	<p>As a publicly funded Catapult with established net zero commitments and emissions reporting, but not currently SBTi validated, can the Carbon Trust confirm this would be considered acceptable under Condition 31, subject to transparency and continued alignment with Paris aligned goals?</p>	<p>This would be acceptable.</p>
<p>9 Generic</p>	<p>Given Digital Catapult’s status as a publicly funded organisation, could you please clarify whether there is any scope, at contract finalisation stage, to discuss proportionate commercial limits (for example liability caps or insurance requirements) if these are identified as a material constraint? Or are the commercial terms intended to be strictly fixed for this procurement?</p>	<p>Bidders may propose alternative wording to the contractors’ conditions within their Tender Certificate. There is scope for the terms to be revised and amended, within reason, to reach a position agreeable to both parties.</p>
<p>10 Project Specific</p>	<p>In WP1, the matrix-driven assessment framework asks bidders to assess each FoW subsystem and gives examples including “moorings, dynamic cables, hull, tower, nacelle, blades, sensors”. Could you please clarify what is meant by “sensors” in this context? They don’t seem to fit the subsystem ontology well.</p>	<p>In this context, “sensors” refers to the instrumentation and condition-monitoring/measurement equipment required across the FoW subsystems (not a standalone subsystem). This includes (as applicable) structural/load and motion sensing, mooring line/fairlead load monitoring, dynamic cable condition monitoring, turbine/blade condition monitoring, and metocean/environmental sensors. The assessment should therefore consider the coverage, integration and data maturity of the sensing/monitoring approach for each subsystem.</p>
<p>11 Project Specific</p>	<p>Could you please confirm whether the priced base scope is governed by the ITT PDF (in particular section 4), or whether bidders are also expected to include in the base bid the additional elements described on the tender webpage, such as a reference architecture and recommended next-step pilot / demonstration projects?</p>	<p>The assumption is correct: the priced base scope is governed by the ITT PDF (including Section 4).</p> <p>As mentioned in the ITT: The major project aim is to produce a clear integration roadmap outlining short, medium, and long-term steps for digital adoption in FoW, with a minimum level of</p>

	<p>For bidding purposes, we are currently assuming that the priced base scope is governed by the ITT PDF. Please let us know if that assumption is incorrect.</p>	<p>granularity covering specifying people/process, data/integration, and toolchain steps required to implement RBM.</p>
<p>12 Project Specific</p>	<p>Could you please confirm whether the WP2 use cases and WP3 case studies are intended to remain conceptual / evidence-led assessments with clearly stated assumptions, or whether bidders are expected to include any quantitative prototype, demonstrator, or live-data analysis in the base scope?</p> <p>For bidding purposes, we are assuming the former, given the limited budget. Please let us know if that assumption is incorrect.</p>	<p>We do not expect bidders to provide data and given the limited budget the WP2 use cases and WP3 case studies will most likely remain conceptual/evidence-led, with assumptions clearly stated. However, bidders should demonstrate a basis of experience with the relevant concepts in their tender (e.g. through examples). We are also open to guidance on the best approach and to discussion with our partners if bidders propose any additional scope extensions.</p>

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